

HAYS SAYS HE WON'T BEG. O. P. CHAIRMAN

He Lacks Roosevelt's Approval
for 1920 if Colonel Is
Party Nominee.

JOHN T. KING PREFERRED

Indiana Republican Leader
Said to Have Eyes on Gov-
ernorship of His State.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.
INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 26.—Will H. Hays, chairman of the Indiana Republican state committee, who is being considered for the chairmanship of the national organization of his party, is not a candidate for the place, according to his own statement. Furthermore, he has indicated to the Republican leaders here that he would not care to accept the national chairmanship at present.

Hays' declaration is in the nature of a surprise to the Republicans who have been laying plans for the last year to place him at the head of the committee. Until a short time ago it was understood that he was a candidate and that he would announce himself on the resignation of William R. Wilcox of New York. Hays is receiving encouragement from some of the leading men of the party, who say that he is the type of man needed to put the organization on a winning basis.

Roosevelt Is Noncommittal.

It is understood that Hays objects to accepting the chairmanship in an "off year" like the present, with no certainty that he would be retained to manage the campaign in 1920. It is said that some of Hays' close friends, including Gov. Goodrich, have discussed the chairmanship with Col. Roosevelt and that while the latter regards Hays favorably, he has not said that he would recommend him for election in 1920 in event of his own nomination for the Presidency.

Gov. Goodrich and other Republican leaders here seem to have some definite understanding that Col. Roosevelt's first choice for chairman is John T. King, a middleman in the campaign who has until he found there was no chance for the election of King. However, they realize that in the event of the nomination of Roosevelt in 1920 he probably would not select Hays for chairman unless he changes his mind. In the circumstances Hays' friends may be justified in not standing as a receptive candidate for the chairmanship.

Seeks the Governorship.

Hays is a candidate for Governor and it is said he has concluded that if he should accept the national chairmanship he probably would have to abandon what he now hopes to be a fine chance of being nominated. Moreover, it is said that Hays' decision regarding the national chairmanship is influenced by his desire to remain at the head of the State Council of Defense.

He is the central figure in Republican politics in Indiana at this time. Many Republicans who do not regard him favorably were inclined to applaud the reference made to him by Senator Stone in his speech before the Senate this week, in which he accused Hays of being a "State Defense Council" to advance his own political interests. This charge has been made by many Republicans, who insist that Hays would not have become chairman of the council if he had not intended to do whatever he could to advance himself as a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination.

MRS. JENKINS TELLS OF FUSION EFFORTS

Spent \$4,500 for Mitchell in
Belief He Was Best
Candidate.

Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins of 232 Madison avenue, who gave \$4,500 to help in the effort to elect Mayor Mitchell, not because of his party affiliations, but because she personally believed him to be the best candidate for the office, said yesterday, Mrs. Jenkins said she was especially interested in the charity and the campaign and that she financed the Morris booklet. She was a member of the public welfare committee, which issued moving picture films showing conditions in various institutions and homes of charity.

Mrs. Jenkins admitted that the committee might have expended \$40,000 in the campaign, but could not verify the fact. The work, she said, was carried on in the interest of good government.

Stanley H. Howe, living at 536 West End avenue, said that he was secretary of the public welfare committee and declared its work had been in the hope that Mitchell would be elected. If this could not be accomplished, he said, the committee believed that whoever did head the new administration would benefit from the educational work of the committee. Howe said he formerly had been private secretary to Commissioner Kingsbury of the Charities Department.

MUNICIPAL POULTRY FARM.

Bradford, England, Expects 50,000
Eggs Yearly From Its Herd.

In view of the great shortage and high price of fresh eggs, the health committee of the city of Bradford, England, has established a poultry farm which promises to be a profitable enterprise. It is said to be the first municipal poultry farm in that country. It is estimated that 70,000 eggs per annum are needed to meet the demands of the medical institutions maintained by the municipality.

The farm is situated in the grounds of the Hierarchy Hall, a building for convalescents, and covers some six acres well sheltered from the winds. The houses, fifty in number, for the birds are built upon the last principle. There are about 400 birds on the farm. The production it is believed will reach 10,000 eggs per annum. The initial outlay for the farm was \$9,154, and the annual expenditures for rent, wages, food, repairs, gas, coal and other sundries, including depreciation for plant at 10 per cent., are estimated at \$5,544. The income is figured at \$5,591.

Mrs. Kensington Not Present.

Mrs. Hanna Sheehy Kensington has informed THE SUN that an error was made when her name was given as a speaker at a recent dinner to Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman. Those in the charge of the dinner announced Mrs. Kensington as one of the late speakers, but she did not attend.

B. R. T. MUST HEAT CARS ON TUESDAY

Service Board Blasts Com-
pany's Patriotic Fuel Saving.

Two more heatless, freezing days on the cars of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. Then the hapless sufferers whose lot it is to travel in and out of Brooklyn by that system will have to carry their own oil stoves no longer.

The B. R. T. is patriotic. It wants to help the Government. It wants to help win the war. It wants to save coal. And when the fuel administrator in Washington ordered heatless days no corporation was more prompt in compliance. No sooner had the edict come from Dr. Garfield than the company issued an order that no heat should be wasted by warming the shivering riders in its cars.

The company had all the best of it, because of course it would be unpatriotic to demand heat when the Fuel Administrator had said there should be no heat.

But the Public Service Commission, which has received rather broad latitude in the interpretation of Dr. Garfield's order as it applies to transportation companies, has decided that the B. R. T. has saved enough coal. Yesterday it notified the corporation that beginning on Tuesday it would be expected to heat its cars as usual.

REFORM BODY WARS ON NAMING RIORDAN

Injunction Against Salary
Payment Granted Temporarily by Court.

Pursuing the appointment of Dr. Patrick D. Riordan as Chief Medical Examiner, the Civil Service Reform Association has obtained a temporary injunction restraining the Comptroller and the City Chamberlain from paying his salary.

The application was made before Justice Bijur on the ground Dr. Riordan was not a skilled pathologist and therefore was not qualified to hold the place. Justice Finch will hold a hearing on making the injunction permanent on Tuesday.

Showing his disregard for the association Mayor Hylan, two weeks ago, replying to a protest against the appointment, wrote:

"We have had all the reform we want in this city for some time to come."

Russell H. Loomis of the association is making the application to the court presented an affidavit citing the examination of Dr. Riordan before the committee on Accounts and Finance in 1914. It was asserted this examination showed the physician was not a skilled pathologist within the meaning of the law. Affidavits from Dr. Howard Taylor, president of the New York County Medical Society, and Dr. Fred S. Mandelbaum of Mount Sinai Hospital, along similar lines, were also presented to the court.

Dr. Riordan, who did not get on the civil service list established by the Mitchell administration, is serving under his second temporary fifteen day appointment. He may not get, under the law, a renewal of this temporary status, and Mayor Hylan has his Civil Service Commission busy in an attempt to get the place of Medical Examiner taken out of the classified service and placed in the exempt class. The commission will hold a hearing tomorrow on a proposition to cancel the list. It is contended the penal law was violated when the candidates in the examination were forced to make application.

The Civil Service Reform Association intends to follow the affair up and spare no effort to prevent Dr. Riordan from holding the job permanently.

200 STARS FOR ST. STEPHEN'S.

Bishop Hays to Bless Flag After
Navy Parade Today.

The Right Rev. Patrick J. Hays, Auxiliary Bishop of New York and Chaplain-General of the United States forces, will bless a service flag of 200 stars at St. Stephen's Church, East Twenty-eighth street, at 11 o'clock this morning. Bishop Hays is the rector of St. Stephen's. A solemn military mass will be offered by Mr. John J. Chiodi, president of St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie. He was chaplain of the battleship Maine when she was sunk in Havana harbor in 1898. The sermon will be preached by the Right Rev. William T. Russell, Bishop of Charleston.

The blessing will be preceded by a parade of 100 sailors from the navy yard, headed by the navy band and a detail from the new Sixty-ninth Regiment. Col. John J. Phelan will be marshal.

The mass will be sung by a quartet under the direction of Signor Alessandro Caccia, and the boy choir will sing an appropriate hymn at the offertory. The navy band will play "The Star Spangled Banner."

Y. W. C. A. LENDS ITS AID.

Opens Its Doors to Young Women
on Coolest Mornings.

The Young Women's Christian Association, beginning tomorrow, will open its doors to young women, who are members or not, who have been affected by the closing of industries and will continue to help them through the remainder of the coolest Mondays. This action has been taken not only to provide a warm place and some form of entertainment for young women, but to advise them on the problem of improving their condition.

"We plan," explained Mr. William H. Hays, chairman of the War Work Committee of the Metropolitan Board, "to have popular talks on the new opportunities for women which the war has brought about; on the possibilities for service in the Post Office and Government departments and other places that have been opened up; and on the various ways in which a card which we have issued reads: 'Girls, Let Your Blue Mondays Be Red Letter Days.'"

THIRD COURSE ANNOUNCED.

More Addresses to Be Given Under
 auspices of American Academy.

A third course of addresses under the auspices of the American Academy of Letters was announced yesterday to be given February 14 and 21 and March 7, 14, 21 and 28 at 4 o'clock on these evenings in the Chambliss Club, 50 East Forty-second street.

Brander Matthews will read the first paper, "The English Language and the American Academy." Other features of the course will be Dr. Maurice Francis Egan, Minister to Denmark, who will speak on "The Position of the Scandinavian Nations in the War"; George Kennan, on "Revolutionary Russia"; Harlan S. Morris on "The Poetry of War"; Owen Johnson, on "The Ideal of Nationalism"; and Dr. John Grier Hibben, who will close the series with "America and the War."

DEMOCRATS FIGHT TO RETAIN SEATS

Ask Court to Order Old Dis-
trict Lines Used in Spe-
cial Elections.

FEAR LOSSES FROM NEW

Threaten to Take Cuvillier Ac-
tion to U. S. Supreme
Court.

Justice Bijur in the Supreme Court yesterday granted an order directing the Board of Elections to show cause why they should not use the old district lines in arranging for the elections to fill the four vacancies that exist in the Congressional representation from this city. Gov. Whitman has issued a proclamation calling special elections for March 5 to choose successors to Murray Hulbert in the Twenty-first district, Henry Bruckner in the Twenty-second, John J. Fitzgerald in the Seventh and Daniel J. Griffin in the Eighth, all Democrats. Seventh and Eighth districts are in Brooklyn. The order is returnable on Wednesday.

Attorney-General Lewis has given an opinion to the Board of Elections here that the new apportionment made by the Legislature last winter should be used as a basis for the elections. Under it the Republicans would be sure to gain one and possibly two seats.

Law Planned Appeal Too.

The Democrats assert this is wrong not only morally, but legally. Robert L. Luce, chairman of the Tammany law committee, was planning to appeal to the courts to overrule the Attorney-General, but he was beaten out by Louis L. Cuvillier, former Assemblyman, who made the application to Justice Bijur. It is not the first time he has jumped into a situation ahead of the regular order. His interest in the matter is that he was planning to be a candidate for the Democratic nomination to succeed Murray Hulbert of the Twenty-first district. The new Twenty-first district is Republican by from 10,000 to 12,000.

When Mr. Luce was asked yesterday afternoon if the application of Mr. Cuvillier was a part of his plans he replied:

"You have given me the first intimation of what he has done. He had no consultation with me and of course I had nothing to do with it."

Mr. Luce said he did not know what action he would take now, but probably would wait the outcome of the Cuvillier application. "This case will undoubtedly go up through the Court of Appeals," he said, "and may be taken to the United States Supreme Court."

Although election cases are always given the right of way in all courts, there is a question as to whether the United States Supreme Court would be asked to take up this case prior to the date set for the elections by the Governor.

In his application, Mr. Cuvillier argued it was illegal to elect men who represent other than the territory represented by the men who had resigned. The effect of electing the new Representatives under the new apportionment, he said, would be to give some Assembly districts two Representatives in Congress, while parts of other districts would have no representation at all.

Cuvillier Scores Gerryman.

"The 1917 apportionment is an outrageous gerrymander," Mr. Cuvillier said. "It was planned with the deliberate purpose of seizing two more seats in Congress—Hulbert's in Manhattan and Griffin's in Brooklyn. Democratic under the old lines, they are Republican under the aid of the Republican Legislature. It amounts to a perversion of the will of the people."

The fact that the new Twenty-first district is Republican is a fact which is what Mr. Cuvillier is protesting against in Washington, which were particularly interesting to him, in order to accept the book "Congressional Democracy" by the Hon. Charles E. Lippincott, a former member of the House of Representatives. He realized there was not the slightest chance of his reelection next fall. Under the reapportionment the Washington Heights section of the Twenty-second district is cut off and thrown into the new Twenty-first district, which by the new lines is to occupy the territory between Fifth avenue and the Hudson River and 124th street on the south and the Harlem River on the north. This cuts away from the present Twenty-third district everything this side of the Harlem River.

The new Twenty-third district lies wholly within The Bronx. Part of the present Twenty-second district, which is thrown into the new Twenty-third district, would have no representation at all if the coming elections are based on the new lines. This No Man's Land would include parts of the First and Second Assembly districts in The Bronx and the Seventeenth, Eighteenth and Twentieth in Manhattan. Speaking of this yesterday, Mr. Hulbert said:

"In November, 1915, the people of the Twenty-third Congress district elected Representative Daniel C. Oliver to serve until March, 1919. The Legislature on April 16 of last year created a new Twenty-third district, wholly within The Bronx, although Mr. Oliver lives in Manhattan. At the same time the new Twenty-first district is made to take in all of the old Twenty-third in Manhattan. So under the interpretation of the law made by the Attorney-General my successor would be elected to serve the same people in Manhattan whom Congressman Oliver was elected to serve and is now serving."

Oliver or Nothing, Their Choice.

"In that situation the people in the old Twenty-second district, who under the new lines would be in the Twenty-third, would have to adopt Mr. Oliver as their Congressman, although they had no chance to vote either for or against him. Otherwise they would have no Congressman at all."

Who the candidates in the coming elections are depends entirely upon whether the old district the new districts are used. Martin C. Amorga, who twice has been the unsuccessful Republican candidate in the present Twenty-first, was looking forward to being elected under the new lines. It is not altogether sure, however, that with a "sure thing" district he would get the nomination. There are five Assembly district leaders interested in the question and each of them would like to have it go to his district. No Democrat wants to assume the burden of running in the new district, which is the Twenty-second district, which will go Democratic anyway, former Assemblyman William Evans, former Senator Anthony J. Griffin and former Assemblyman James J. Fitzgerald all have lightning rods up.

As for Brooklyn, Senator Thomas H. Cullen in the Seventh district hopes to go to Congress at last in succession to John J. Fitzgerald. Once before he was nominated, when Representative Fitzgerald thought he did not want to go back. But the veteran Congressman changed his mind and Cullen dutifully declined the nomination. Alderman John J. Gaynor

and John J. McGuinness have been mentioned for the Republican nomination. W. Moorehouse and ex-Assemblyman Samuel R. Greene are Republican aspirants for the nomination in the Eighth district—that is, if the election is held under the new lines. If they have to run in the old districts, however, they may not be so eager. John J. Meagher of Bay Ridge and George Hoover are the Democratic suggestions for the nomination in this district.

HIRSCH TO STUDY TAX SYSTEM.

Mayor Names Him on Assessment
Revision Committee.

Nathan Hirsch of 123 West Twenty-first street has been named by Mayor Hylan as chairman of a committee to study the methods of assessing real estate in this city for taxation purposes and to recommend improvements. Soon after he took office Mayor Hylan wrote to President Cantor of the Tax Board expressing the opinion that something should be done to provide a more equitable system of taxation.

Other members of the committee have not been chosen, but each borough will be represented. Many real estate men supported Mayor Hylan in the campaign with the hope that he would select someone they considered an intolerable burden of taxation.

HIRSHFIELD NAMES PERSONAL FRIENDS

New Commissioner of Accounts
Explains Supplanting of
Old Employees.

For the first time in ten years there has been a radical reorganization in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts. David Hirschfeld, "friend and neighbor" of Mayor Hylan, and the successor of Leonard Wallstein as Commissioner of Accounts, in announcing yesterday a long list of men who had been supplanted by personal friends, thus patted himself on the back:

"These are all personal appointments. I know each of these men, and each is a splendid acquisition to the office. The appointees are men for whom superior to those they supplant. You will find the same difference in the future appointments I shall make. I am here to perform service to the people and politics pays no part whatever. You may state that as emphatically as you know how. My record in Brooklyn will show you I have always been active in civic affairs, but I am not in politics, and no office of which I am or may be the head will be in politics either. I am a business man. This will be a business office, and politics and business do not mix well."

Mayor Hylan appointed me to run this office in my own way and as I see it just what I am doing. If I don't make good—Here the Commissioner illustrated the remainder of his sentence by suddenly shooting his foot out. "If I will either make good or I will be put out."

Some of the appointments are: William George Domidoni, examiner of accounts, to succeed William L. Fagan, at \$2,400; Francis P. Treanor, examiner of accounts, to succeed Frank D. Cuniffe, at \$2,340. Most of the new men are from sections other than Brooklyn.

Johann was the examiner who ran down the crooked meat inspectors of the Health Department about a year ago. Cuniffe was formerly secretary of the Progressive County Committee.

AKED PRAISES LLOYD GEORGE.

Calls British Premier Pillar of the
People's Hopes.

"Lloyd George today is the pillar of the people's hopes and the bulwark that stands between the pampered aristocracy and the people who have toiled through the centuries to make the empire and place it upon a substantial footing," said Dr. Aked yesterday. He is the pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, to the League for Political Education in Carnegie Hall yesterday.

Dr. Aked has been a friend of the Welsh statesman, and pays high tribute to his ability.

"It would be difficult," he said, "to explain the power of Lloyd George. He has audacity, courage and is reckless of convention, but withal he is a deep thinker. The eloquence of Gladstone, Lincoln, Churchill is not his, but he has a power of wizardry which is compelling to his hearers. He is a master of repartee and the English hecker faces but poorly at his hands."

CORNELL MEN TO BUILD SHIPS.

Engineering Seniors to Be Paid at
Wilmington Plant.

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 26.—Forty students of Cornell University, representing the bulk of the senior class in engineering of the university, will arrive in this city February 4 to continue their final studies and obtain practical work at their professions at the Harlan plant of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation.

This war measure, decided upon by President Jacob G. Schurman, president of Cornell University, and the board of trustees of the university, will be the management of the Harlan plant in this city, is an innovation, and the precedent thus established, if it works out as successfully as its movers expect it to, will be followed, it is believed, by other colleges and universities throughout the country.

Modern Designs, Period Reproductions and Adaptations after the styles of Italian Renaissance, Louis XV, Louis XVI, Chippendale, Adam Brothers, Heppelwhite and Sheraton, also Chinese and Japanese Decorations.

Walnut Dining Room Suite, 10 pcs.; was \$346.00 \$233.00

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Luxurious Fur Coats At Final Reductions Remarkable savings should guide you to these—Beautiful models, superbly fashioned and silk-lined—including Hudson Seal and Natural Mink—Coats, guaranteeing satisfactory service. \$82.50, \$115, \$145, \$165, \$189.50, \$230 & \$235 Main Floor.

More Closed Monday

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdale's 40th to 42nd St., Lexington to 43rd Ave.

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second Street

(Between 5th and 6th Avenues)

West Forty-third Street

On TUESDAY, we will feature in our January Sale of Household Linens

A selection of Ireland's Best Linens, at these extremely low prices:

Linen Satin Damask Table Cloths
2 by 2 yards, \$3.75, 5.00, 5.50
2 by 2½ yds., \$4.75, 6.00, 7.00
2 by 3 yards, \$5.75, 7.00, 8.25
Napkins, doz. \$4.50 and 6.00

Irish All Linen Satin Damask Cloths
In a variety of choice designs; ready hemmed; regular price \$4.00 each, at \$2.95
Napkins, doz. \$2.50, 2.95 and 3.40

Lace-trimmed Centerpieces, . . . at \$1.95, 2.65, 4.25
Dresser and Buffet Scarfs, . . . \$4.75, 4.95, 5.25
Tea and Luncheon Cloths, . . . 10.50, 15.00, 17.50

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered

Linen Centerpieces at \$1.35, 1.75, 2.50
Tray Covers, . . . 25c, 35c, 50c
Napkin Pouches, . . . 65c, 75c, 1.00

Luncheon Sets, 13 pcs \$4.50, 5.25, 6.75
Tea Napkins, . . . doz. \$5.90, 7.00, 9.00
Tea & Luncheon Cloths 6.50, 7.75, 8.50

Persian, Chinese and American Rugs

The February Sale which begins Tuesday, provides exceptional price opportunities.

The prices in many instances are based on pre-war costs. Specimens follow:

Medium Size Rugs

Including Baluchistan, Daghestan, Mossoul, Shirvan, etc., sizes from 2½ to 3½ ft. wide by 4½ to 6½ ft. long.

Regularly \$32.50 to 49.50,
\$22.50 to 38.75

Persian Rugs

Room sizes, including Mahal, Ghoerevan, Hamadan, etc.; sizes from 6½ to 10 ft. wide by 10 to 13 ft. long.

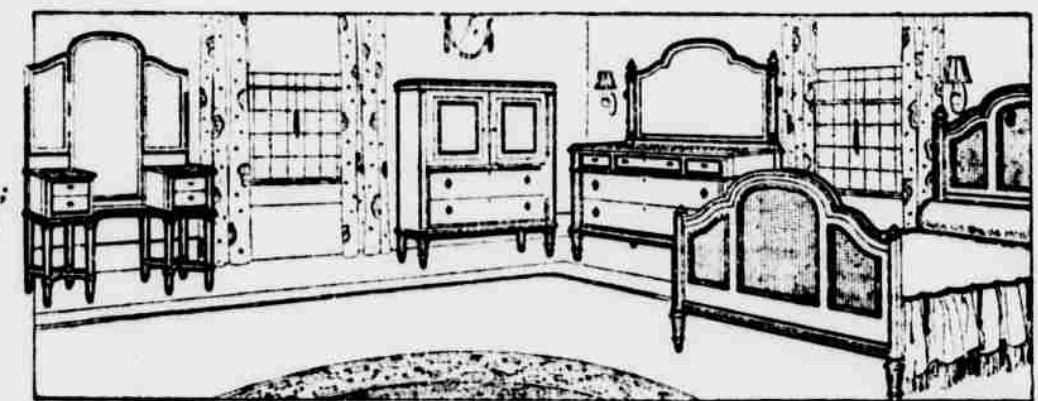
Regularly \$145.00 to 375.00
\$110.00 to 290.00

Chinese Rugs

Room sizes, in blue, gold, tan, cream, etc.; handsomely embroidered; sizes from 6 to 10 ft. wide by 9 to 13 ft. long.

Regularly \$90.00 to 475.00
\$68.00 to 385.00

Large and unusual sizes at correspondingly low prices.



Ivory
Bedroom
Suite, 4 pcs.;
was \$512.00
\$375.00

Ivory
Bedroom
Suite, 4 pcs.;
was \$512.00
\$375.00

Beginning Tuesday, January 29th, our

Half Yearly Sale of Reliable Furniture At 10 to 50 Per Cent. Reductions

On our entire stock of Living Room, Dining Room, Bedroom Suites, Separate Pieces, Brass and Enamel Bedsteads, and Novelty Pieces.

Modern Designs, Period Reproductions and Adaptations after the styles of Italian Renaissance, Louis XV, Louis XVI, Chippendale, Adam Brothers, Heppelwhite and Sheraton, also Chinese and Japanese Decorations.



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Room Suite,
10 pcs.;
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